## Lassonde School of Engineering

Dept. of EECS Professor G. Tourlakis MATH1090 B. Problem Set No. 4 Posted: Nov. 20, 2021

Due: Dec. 8, 2021; by 5:00pm, in eClass.

## Q: <u>How do I submit</u>?

**A**:

- (1) Submission must be a SINGLE standalone file to <u>eClass</u>. Submission by email is not accepted.
- (2) Accepted File Types: PNG, JPEG, PDF, RTF, MS WORD, OPEN OFFICE, ZIP
- (3) Deadline is strict, electronically limited.
- (4) MAXIMUM file size = 10MB
- P Unless a required proof style (e.g., by resolution, Equational, Hilbert) is used in your answer, then your answer is graded out of 0.

G. Tourlakis

 $\langle \mathbf{\hat{z}} \rangle$ 

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<sup>(5</sup> POINTS Max for each question) Do all of the following:

<u>All resolution proofs below MUST use the graphical technique</u>. Minimise preprocessing. You lose marks if your preprocessing is so long that it solves the problem WITHOUT doing any resolution step.

- 1. Prove using <u>soundness</u> that the **converse** of Axiom 2 is NOT a theorem.
- **2.** Prove using soundness that  $(\exists \mathbf{x})A \to A[\mathbf{x} := \mathbf{z}]$  where  $\mathbf{z}$  is fresh for  $(\exists \mathbf{x})A$  is NOT a theorem.

Conclude that  $(\exists \mathbf{x}) A \vdash A[\mathbf{x} := \mathbf{z}]$  is not a valid statement.

3. Using the auxiliary hypothesis metatheorem prove

$$\vdash (\exists x) A \to (\exists x) \Big( A \land (A \lor B) \Big)$$

4. What is wrong with the following proof of

$$(\forall y)(\exists x)A \vdash (\exists x)(\forall y)A? \tag{(\dagger)}$$

1) 
$$(\forall y)(\exists x)A$$
  $\langle \text{hyp} \rangle$   
2)  $(\exists x)A$   $\langle 1 + \text{spec} \rangle$   
3)  $A[x := z]$   $\langle \text{auxiliary hypothesis for 1}; z \text{ fresh} \rangle$   
4)  $(\forall y)A[x := z]$   $\langle \text{gen + 3}; \text{ OK, no free } y \text{ in "hyp" line 1} \rangle$   
4')  $((\forall y)A)[x := z] \langle 4 \rangle \text{ and } 4' \rangle$  are the same by def. of  $[x := z] \rangle$   
5)  $(\exists x)(\forall y)A$   $\langle 4' + \text{Dual spec} \rangle$ 

However we proved in class and NOTES that (†) <u>cannot</u> be proved!